



" عراقة وجودة" "Tradition and Quality"

Detailed Course Description - Course Plan Development and Updating Procedures/ Computer Information Systems Department	QF01/0408-3.0E

Faculty	Faculty of Science and Information Technology	Department	Computer Information Systems
Course Number	0113313	Course Title	Algorithms
Number of Credit	2	Pre-Requisite/Co-	Data Structure
Hours	3	Requisite	Data Structure

This course concerns with: fundamentals of algorithmic problem solving, algorithm design techniques, and methods of specifying and coding an algorithm; Fundamentals of the analysis of algorithm efficiency and efficiency levels of algorithms and formal definitions of (*O*-notation, Ω -notation and Θ -notation); Concepts of sorting such as: selection sort, bubble sort, merge sort, quick sort and heap sort; Concepts of sequential search, depth-first search, breadth-first search, binary search; concepts of hashing such as: open hashing and closed hashing and B-trees; Concepts of Greedy techniques such as Prim's, Kruskal's, Dijkstra's Algorithm and Huffman trees and codes; Concepts of limitations of algorithm power, decision trees for searching a sorted array, *P*, *NP*, and *NP*-Complete Problems.

	Course Goals And Learning Outcomes			
Goal 1	Fundamentals of algorithmic problem solving			
Learning	1.1 Learning algorithm design techniques, designing data structures, methods of			
Outcomes	specifying and coding an algorithm.			
Goal 2	Fundamentals of the Analysis of Algorithm Efficiency			
	2.1 Learning the efficiency levels of algorithms and formal definitions of (O-			
Learning	notation, Ω -notation and Θ -notation),			
Outcomes	2.2 Understanding analysis framework, measuring an input's size and units for			
	measuring running time), worst-case, best-case, and average-case efficiencies.			
Goal 3	Concepts of Brute Force, sorting and Exhaustive Search			
	3.1 Learning selection sort and bubble sort, insertion sort, mergesort, quicksort, and			
Learning	heapsort			
Outcomes	3.2 Learning sequential search, Depth-first search and Breadth-first search.			
	3.3 Understanding binary search and insertion in a binary tree.			
Goal 4	Concepts of Hashing			
Learning	4.1 Understanding Open Hashing (Separate Chaining) and Closed Hashing (Open			
Outcomes	Addressing) and B-Trees.			
Goal 5	Concepts of Greedy Techniques			
Learning	5.1 Learning Prim's, Kruskal's, and Dijkstra's Algorithm			
Outcomes	5.2 Learning Huffman Trees and Codes			
Goal 6	Limitations of Algorithm Power			
Learning	6.1 Learning lower-bound arguments, trivial lower bounds, Decision trees for			
Outcomes	searching a sorted array and P, NP, and NP-Complete Problems, P and NP			
Outcomes	Problems.			
Textbook	1. Anany Levitin, Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, 3 rd ed.,			
ICAUDOUK	2012, Pearson Education Inc.			
Supplementary	1. Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, Algorithm Design and Applications,			
References	John Wiley and sons, Inc., 2015.			
	2. M.T. Goodrich, R. Tamassia, M.H. Goldwasser, Data Structures and			





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Algorithms in Java, 6 th ed. (International Student Ed.), 2014 .
3. N. Dale, D. Joyce, C. Weems, Object-Oriented Data Structures Using Java, 3 rd
ed., 2012 .

Course Timeline				
Week	Number of Hours	Course Topics	Pages (Textbook)	Notes
01	1 1 1	1-38		
02	1 1 1	 Chapter 2: Fundamentals of the Analysis of Algorithm Efficiency The Analysis Framework Measuring an Input's Size Units for Measuring Running Time Worst-Case, Best-Case, and Average-Case Efficiencies Recapitulation of the Analysis Framework Asymptotic Notations and Basic Efficiency Classes Informal Introduction (<i>O</i>-notation, Ω-notation and Θ-notation) 	41-58	
03 1 Chapter3: Brute Force and Exhaustive Search - Selection Sort - Bubble Sort - Sequential Search - Sequential Search - Brute-Force String Matching - Closest-Pair and Convex-Hull Problems by Brute Force - Closest-Pair Problem - Convex-Hull Problem - Exhaustive Search - Traveling Salesman Problem - Knapsack Problem		97-125		





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		Problem – Interpolation Search – Searching and Insertion in a Binary Search Tree	
1 05 1 1		 Mergesort Quicksort Binary Tree Traversals and Related Properties Multiplication of Large Integers and Strassen's Matrix Multiplication Multiplication of Large Integers 	169-191
06 1 1		 The Closest-Pair and Convex-Hull Problems by Divide-and-Conquer The Closest-Pair Problem Review of previous topics, solutions of problems. 	192-195
07 1 1		First Exam Chapter 6: Transform-and-Conquer – Presorting – Gaussian Elimination – Gaussian Elimination – LU Decomposition – Computing a Matrix Inverse – Balanced Search Trees – AVL Trees – 2-3 Trees – Heaps and Heapsort – Horner's Rule and Binary Exponentiation	201-246





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			Darklass Darksting		
			- Problem Reduction		
			- Computing the Least Common Multiple		
			- Counting Fails in a Oraph Reduction of Optimization Problems		
			- Reduction of Optimization Problems		
			- Linear Programming		
			- Reduction to Graph Problems		
		1	Chapter 7: Space and Time Trade-Oils		
	00	1	- Soluting by Counting	252 267	
	Uð	1	- Input Enhancement in String Matching	253-207	
		1	- Horspool's Algorithm		
			– Boyer-Moore Algorithm		
		1	- Hasning		
	09	1	- Open Hasning (Separate Chaining)	269-274	
		1	- Closed Hasning (Open Addressing)		
			- B-Irees		
		1	Chapter 8: Dynamic Programming		
	10	1	- The Knapsack Problem and Memory	202 202	
	10	1	Functions Management France Company	283-303	
		1	- Memory Functions		
			- Optimal Binary Search Trees		
		1	- Warshall's and Floyd's Algorithms		
	11	1	- Warshall's Algorithm	204 211	
	11	1	 Floyd's algorithm for all-pairs shortest-paths 	304-311	
		1	problem		
	Chapter 9: Creedy Technique				
			Prim's Algorithm		
		1	- Thin's Algorithm		
	12	1	- Kluskal's Algorithm	315-338	
		1	- Disjoint Subsets and Onion-Find Algorithms		
			- Dijksua's Algorium Huffman Tracs and Codes		
			Chapter 10: Iterative Improvement		
			- The Simpley Method		
			 Geometric Interpretation of Linear 		
		1	Programming		
	13	1	- An Outline of the Simpley Method	345-380	
		1	= All Outline of the Simplex Method		
			The Maximum Flow Problem		
			 Maximum Matching in Binartite Graphs 		
			Chapter 11. Limitations of Algorithm Power		
		1	- Lower-Bound Arguments		
14	14	1	 Trivial Lower Bounds 	387-397	
	14	1	 Information-Theoretic Arguments 	501 571	
		•	– Adversary Arguments		





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		 Decision Trees for Sorting 					
		 Decision Trees for Searching a Sorted Array 					
		– <i>P</i> , <i>NP</i> , and <i>NP</i> -Complete Problems					
	1	– P and NP Problems					
15	1	 NP-Complete Problems 	401-409				
	1	 Review of previous topics, solutions of 					
		problems.					
	1	 Discussion of assignments 					
16	1	-					
	1	Final Exam					

Theoretical Course Evaluation Methods and Weight	Participation = 10% First Exam 20% Second Exam 20% Final Exam 50%	Practical (Clinical) Course Evaluation Methods	Semester Students' Work = 50% (Reports, Research, Quizzes, Etc.) Final Exam = 50%
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Approved by Head of Department	Date of Approval
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Extra information (to be updated every semester by corresponding faculty member)

Name of Teacher	Office Number	
Phone Number (Extension)	Email	@zuj.edu.jo
Office Hours		