The Relationship Between Burnout and Medication

Administration Error Among Jordanian Critical

Care Nurses

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Abstract

This study aimed to investigate the association between burnout and medication errors among Jordanian critical care nurses. This study used a descriptive correlational design. A convenient sample of 340 nurses participated in the study. Burnout was high among participants (M= 59.32, SD = 21.47), with the estimated percentage of nonintravenous medication errors scoring the highest (M= 42.75, SD =18.24). Personal burnout has a positive and significant relationship with reasons for medication errors; underreport medication; estimated percentage of non-intravenous medication errors; and estimated percentage of intravenous medication errors (P < 0.05). Work-related burnout has a positive and significant relationship with reasons for medication errors; underreport medication errors; estimated percentage of non-intravenous medication errors; and estimated percentage of intravenous medication errors (P < 0.05). Work-related burnout has a positive and significant relationship with reasons for medication errors; and estimated percentage of intravenous medication errors (P < 0.05). Client-related burnout has a positive and significant relationship with reasons for medication errors; underreport medication errors; estimated percentage of non-intravenous medication errors; and estimated percentage of intravenous medication errors (P < 0.05).

Keywords: Medication errors, burnout, critical care, nurse, Jordan