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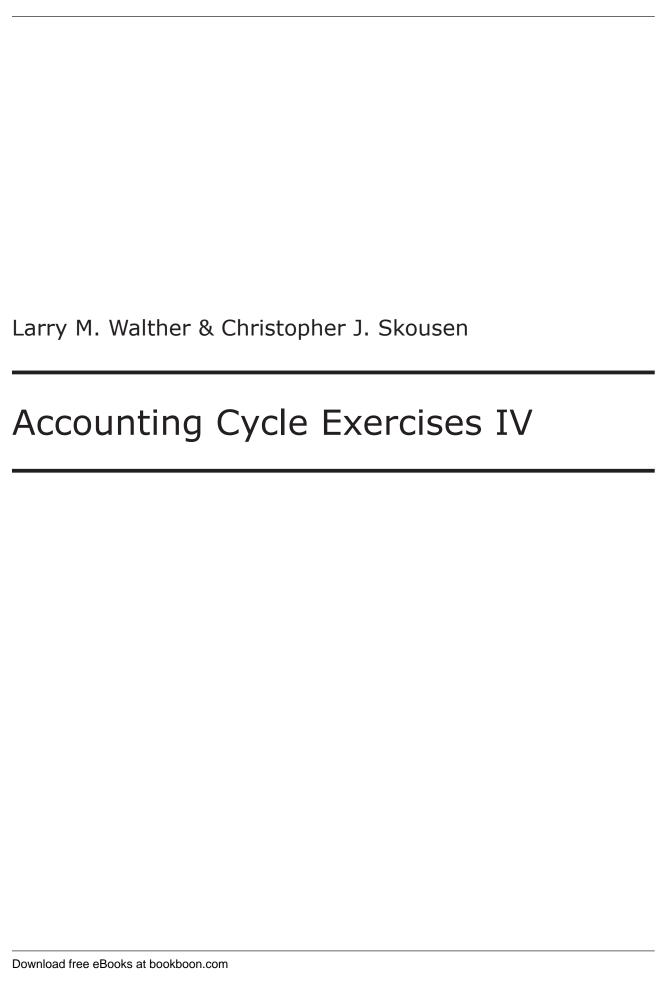
## **Accounting Cycle Exercises IV**

Larry M. Walther; Christopher J. Skousen



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Accounting Cycle Exercises IV

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Alberto Condor has an eye for quality. He recently formed an art gallery where he allows artists to display their artwork for sale. Customers buy the artwork through the gallery, but payments are actually made payable directly to the originating artist. Artists, in turn, pay Albert a 20% commission that is appropriately reflected as revenue of the gallery.

Following is Albert's trial balance after the first year of operation. This trial balance does not reflect the adjustments that are necessary, as described by the additional infomation.

ALBERT CONDOR ART GALLERY					
Trial Balance					
As of Dece	As of December 31, 20X8				
	<b>Debits</b> Credits				
Cash	\$	64,400	\$	-	
Supplies		23,765		-	
Display equipment		52,500		-	
Loan Payable		-		26,250	
Capital Stock		-		87,500	
Revenues		-		170,065	
Rent Expense		38,500		-	
Salaries Expense		84,000		-	
Interest Expense		1,750		-	
Utilities Expense		18,900		-	
	\$	283,815	\$	283,815	

The Display equipment was purchased near the beginning of the year. It has a 5-year life and no salvage value. Its cost should be depreciated equally over its life.

Albert is entitled to receive \$62,650 of commissions for art sold. This revenue has not yet been recorded, but it is fully expected that the artists will soon be making payment.

Supplies on hand at year end were counted, and amount to \$11,900.

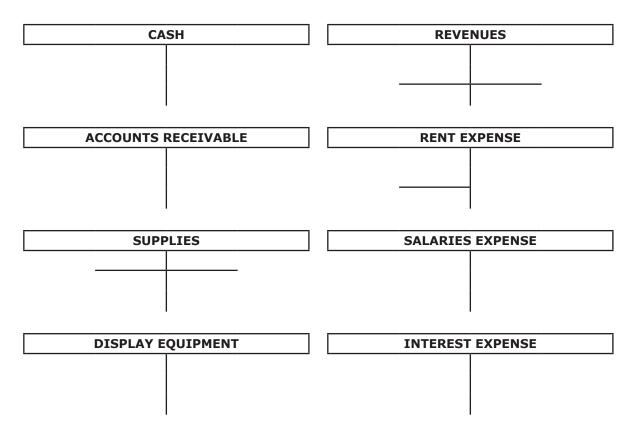
December's rent of \$3,500 has not yet been paid.

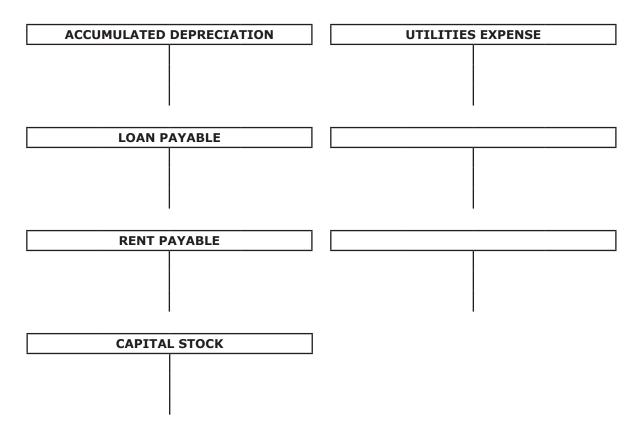
- a) Prepare the necessary adjusting enties as of December 31, 20X8.
- b) Use T-accounts to determine the adjusted balances of the accounts.
- c) Prepare the adjusted trial balance for Amber Nestor.

#### Worksheet 1 (a)

<b>GENERAL JOU</b>	RNAL		
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
Dec. 31			
Dec. 31			
Dec. 31			
Dec. 31			

#### Worksheet 1 (b)





#### Worksheet 1 (c)

ALBERT CONDOR ART GALLERY  Adjusted Trial Balance  As of December 31, 20X8				
	Debits	Credits		
Cash	\$ -	\$ -		
Accounts Receivable	-	-		
Supplies	-	-		
Display equipment	-	-		
Accumulated deprec.	-	-		
Rent Payable	-	-		
Loan Payable	-	-		
Capital Stock	-	-		
Revenues	-	-		
Rent Expense	-	-		
Salaries Expense	-	-		
Interest Expense	-	-		
Utilities Expense	-	-		
	\$ -	\$ -		

#### Solution 1 (a)

GENERAL JOURNAL						
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit			
Dec. 31	Depreciation Expense	10,500				
	Accumulated Depreciation		10,500			
	To record annual depreciation					
Dec. 31	Accounts Receivable	62,650				
	Revenues		62,650			
	To record earned revenues					
Dec. 31	Supplies Expense	11,865				
	Supplies		11,865			
	To record supplies used					
		2.500				
Dec. 31	Rent Expense	3,500				
	Rent Payable		3,500			
	To record rent due and payable					

#### Solution 1 (b)

						-
	ASH			REVE	NUES	
64,400	)				170,065	
					62,650	aje #2
					232,715	
ACCOUNTS	RECEIVABLE			RENT E	XPENSE	
aje #2 62,650	)			38,500		
			aje #4	3,500		
				42,000		
	•					
SUP	PLIES			SALARIES	EXPENSE	
23,765	11,865	aje #3		84,000		
11,900	)					
	=					
	ı			'		
DISPLAY	EQUIPMENT			INTEREST	EXPENSE	
52,500				1,750		
	=					
	I					
ACCUMULATED	DEPRECIATI	ION		UTILITIES	EXPENSE	
	10,500	aje #1		18,900		
		- <b>3</b> -				
	I			l		
LOAN	PAYABLE			DEPRECIATI	ON FXPFNSI	<b>:</b>
LOAR	26,250		aje #1	10,500	O11 EX. E1101	
			aje "I	= 10,500		
DENT	PAYABLE	1		SUPPLIES	FYDENCE	
KLIII	3,500	 aje #4	L aje #3	11,865	LAFLINGL	
		ajc #4	ajc #3			
	I					
CARIT	AL STOCK					
LCAPITA	<del></del>					
	<u>87,500</u>					
	1					

#### Solution 1 (c)

ALBERT CONDOR ART GALLERY				
Adjusted Trial Balance				
As of December 31, 20X8				
	Debits Credits			
Cash	\$	64,400	\$	-
Accounts Receivable		62,650		-
Supplies		11,900		-
Display equipment		52,500		-
Accumulated deprec.		-		10,500
Rent Payable		-		3,500
Loan Payable		-		26,250
Capital Stock		-		87,500
Revenues		-		232,715
Rent Expense		42,000		-
Salaries Expense		84,000		-
Interest Expense		1,750		-
Utilities Expense		18,900		-
Depreciation Expense		10,500		-
Supplies Expense		11,865		-
	\$	360,465	\$	360,465



Wolfgang Schnitzer is in charge of financial management for Over-Head-Eye Corp. Over-Head-Eye utilizes satellite technology and sophisticated mapping software to alert its customers to trespassing, illegal dumping, and other encroachments on property these customers own around the globe. Customers typically purchase one-year contracts for this service, and the pricing depends on the number and size of sites monitored.

Mr. Schnitzer desires to review financial reports -- an income statement, statement of retained earnings, and balance sheet. Prepare these reports from the following adjusted trial balance. Mr. Schnitzer needs this information for internal review purposes, and does not require a classified balance sheet. The operating data relate to the full year, and the blank worksheet already includes partial data.

OVER-HEAD-EYE CORPORATION					
Adjusted Trial Balance					
As of December 31, 20X0					
	Debits Credits				
Cash	\$	2,502,663	\$	-	
Accounts Receivable		1,037,727		-	
Prepaid Expenses		137,361		-	
Supplies		199,995		-	
Satellite equipment		9,027,000		-	
Accumulated deprec.		-		3,666,597	
Accounts Payable		-		1,632,570	
Unearned Revenues		-		1,365,000	
Loan Payable		-		3,000,000	
Capital Stock		-		1,680,000	
Retained earnings, Jan. 1		-		686,676	
Dividends		150,000		-	
Revenues		-		7,120,206	
Selling Expenses		1,429,335		-	
Interest Expense		240,000		-	
Salaries Expenses		2,033,001		-	
Maintenance and supplies expense		668,967		-	
Depreciation expense		1,725,000		-	
	\$	19,151,049	\$	19,151,049	

#### Worksheet 2

OVER-HEAD-EYE CORPORATION  Income Statement				
Revenues				
Services to customers			\$	-
Expenses				
	\$	-		
		-		
		-		
		-		
		-		-
Net income			\$	-

OVER-HEAD-EYE CORPORATION Statement of Retained Earnings	
Beginning retained earnings	\$ -
Plus: Net income	 -
	\$ -
	 -
	\$ _



OVER-HEAD-EYE CORPORATION  Balance Sheet			
Assets		\$ -	
		-	
		-	
Satellite equipment	\$ -		
Less: Accumulated depreciation			
Total assets		<del>\$ -</del>	
Liabilities			
	\$ -		
	-		
Total liabilities		, \$ -	
Stockholders' equity		•	
	\$ -		
Total stockholders' equity		-	
Total liabilities and equity		\$ -	

#### Solution 2

OVER-HEAD-EYE CORPORATION					
	Income Statement  For the Year Ending December 31, 20X0				
Revenues					
Services to customers		\$ 7,120,206			
Expenses					
Selling	\$ 1,429,335				
Interest	240,000				
Salaries	2,033,001				
Maintenance and supplies	668,967				
Depreciation	1,725,000	6,096,303			
Net income		\$ 1,023,903			

OVER-HEAD-EYE CORPORATION				
Statement of Retained Earnings				
For the Year Ending December 31, 20X0				
Beginning retained earnings	\$ 686,676			
Plus: Net income	1,023,903			
	\$ 1,710,579			
Less: Dividends	150,000			
Ending retained earnings	\$ 1,560,579			

OVER-HEAD-EYE CORPORATION  Balance Sheet				
December 31,	20X0			
Assets				
Cash		\$ 2,502,663		
Accounts receivable		1,037,727		
Prepaid expenses		137,361		
Supplies		199,995		
Satellite equipment	\$ 9,027,000			
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(3,666,597)	5,360,403		
Total assets		\$ 9,238,149		

Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,632,570
Unearned revenues	1,365,000
Loan payable	3,000,000_
Total liabilities	\$ 5,997,570
Stockholders' equity	
Capital stock	\$ 1,680,000
Retained earnings	1,560,579
Total stockholders' equity	3,240,579
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 9,238,149



Beaver Lodge prepared the following adjusted trial balance on December 31, 20X7. The company has completed preparation of financial statements and is now ready to prepare closing entries.

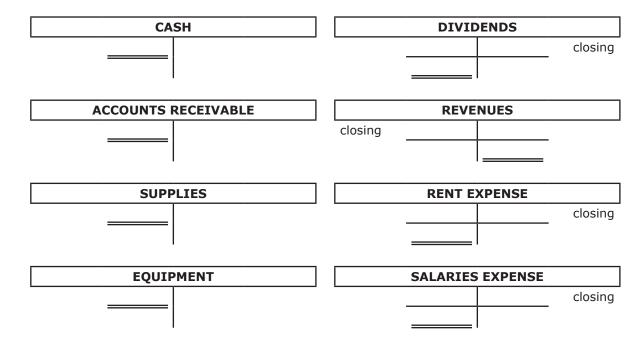
BEAVER LODGE					
Adjusted Trial Balance					
As of December 31, 20X7					
Debits Credits					
Cash	\$ 80,100	\$ -			
Accounts Receivable	53,325	-			
Supplies	16,875	-			
Equipment	732,825	-			
Accumulated deprec.	-	90,900			
Accounts Payable	- 78,30				
Loan Payable	- 225,0				
Capital Stock	-	180,000			
Retained earnings	-	157,500			
Dividends	45,000	-			
Revenues	-	1,076,400			
Rent Expense	270,000	-			
Salaries Expense	530,100	-			
Supplies Expenses	40,500	-			
Interest Expenses	16,650	-			
Depreciation expense	22,725	-			
	\$ 1,808,100	\$ 1,808,100			

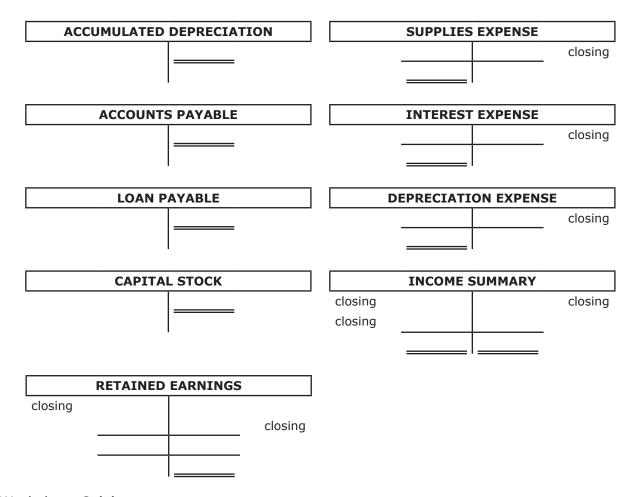
- a) Prepare the necessary closing entries.
- b) Use T-accounts to determine the post-closing balances of the accounts.
- c) Prepare the post-closing trial balance.

#### Worksheet 3 (a)

GENERAL JOURNAL						
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit			
Dec. 31						
	To close the revenue account to Income Summary					
Dec. 31						
	To close the expense accounts to					
	Income Summary					
Dec. 31						
	To close Income Summary to retained earnings					
Dec. 31						
	To close dividends					

#### Worksheet 3 (b)



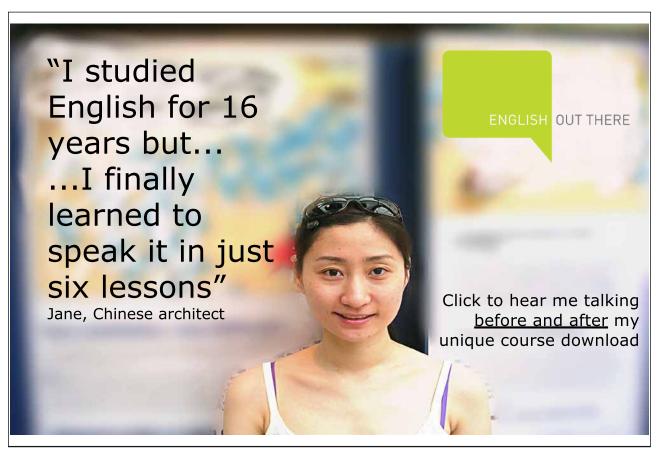


#### Worksheet 3 (c)

BEAVER LODGE  Post-Closing Trial Balance  As of December 31, 20X7				
	Debits		Credits	
	\$	-	\$	-
		-		-
		-		-
		-		-
		-		-
		_		-
		_		-
		_		-
		_		-
	\$	=	\$	_

#### Solution 3 (a)

GENERAL JOURNAL							
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit				
Dec. 31	Revenues	1,076,400					
	Income Summary		1,076,400				
	To close the revenue account to Income Summary						
Dec. 31	Income Summary	879,975					
	Rent Expense		270,000				
	Salaries Expense		530,100				
	Supplies Expense		40,500				
	Interest Expense		16,650				
	Depreciation Expense		22,725				
	To close the expense accounts to Income Summary						
Dec. 31	Income Summary	196,425					
	Retained Earnings		196,425				
	To close Income Summary to retained earnings						



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Dec. 31	Retained Earnings	45,000	
	Dividends		45,000
	To close dividends		

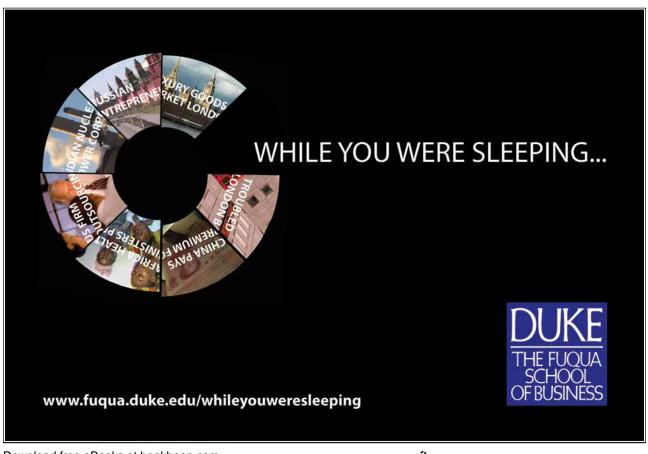
#### Solution 3 (b)

					,		
	CA	SH			DIVID	ENDS	
	80,100				45,000	45,000	closing
					0		
					,		
	ACCOUNTS I	RECEIVABLE			REVE	NUES	
	53,325			closing	1,076,400	1,076,400	
						0	
	SUPF	PLIES			RENT E	XPENSE	
	16,875				270,000	270,000	closing
					0		
		l				I	
	EQUIF	MENT			SALARIES	EXPENSE	
	732,825				530,100	530,100	closing
					0		
ACC	UMULATED	DEPRECIAT	ION		SUPPLIES	EXPENSE	
		90,900			40,500	40,500	closing
					0	<u> </u>	_
		l				•	
	ACCOUNTS	PAYABLE			INTEREST	EXPENSE	
		78,300			16,650	16,650	closing
					0		
	LOAN P	AYABLE			DEPRECIATI		
		225,000			22,725	22,725	closing
					0		
	CAPITA	L STOCK			INCOME	SUMMARY	
		180,000		closing	879,975	1,076,400	closing
				closing	196,425	, ,	3
		I		J	0	0	
						I	
	RETAINED	EARNINGS					
closing	45,000	157,500					
		196,425	closing				
	45,000	353,925					
		222 225					

308,925

#### Solution 3 (c)

BEAVER LODGE  Post-Closing Trial Balance  As of December 31, 20X7					
		Debits		Credits	
Cash	\$	80,100	\$	-	
Accounts receivable		53,325		-	
Supplies	\$	16,875		-	
Equipment	\$	732,825		-	
Accumulated depreciation		-		90,000	
Accounts payable		-		78,300	
Loan payable		-		225,000	
Capital stock		-		180,000	
Retained earnings		-		308,925	
	\$	883,125	\$	883,125	



Elements is an upscale university housing complex providing all the amenities of private townhouse living, and a full service 24-hour cafeteria for busy students. Prior to recording any adjusting entries for 20X8, Elements has incurred and recorded total salary expense of \$2,625,000 and total rental revenue of \$14,400,000.

As of December 31, 20X8, the company owes \$45,000 of additional salaries to employees, and accrued rent due from residents amounts to \$300,000.

On January 10, 20X9, Traditions paid salaries of \$120,000 covering the amount due as of December 31, as well as additional amounts relating to 20X9.

On January 15, 20X9, Traditions received rental payments for \$750,0000 covering the rents due as due of December 31, 20X8, and additional amounts relating to the first half of January, 20X9.

- a) Prepare the necessary year-end adjusting entries for salaries and rent.
- b) Determine the total salaries expense and total rent revenue for 20X4.
- c) Assuming the company uses reversing entries, prepare necessary reversals for early 20X5.
- d) Assuming the company used reversing entries, prepare entries for January 10 and 15, 20X5.
- e) Assuming the company does <u>not</u> use reversing entries, prepare entries for January 10 and 15, 20X5.
- f) Show how 20X5 salaries expense and rent revenue will be the same, whether reversing entries are used or not.

#### Worksheet 4

	GENERAL JOURNAL									
	Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit						
a)	Dec. 31									
	Dec. 31									

b)			
,			
c)	Jan. 1		
	-		
	Jan. 1		
d)	Jan. 10		
,			
	Jan. 15		
e)	Jan. 10		
-,			
	Jan. 15		
f)			
Ĭ			

#### Solution 4

	GENERAL JOURNAL					
	Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit		
a)	Dec. 31	Salaries Expense	45,000			
		Salaries Payable		45,000		
		To record accrued salaries				
	Dec. 31	Rent Receivable	300,000			
		Rent Revenues		300,000		
		To record accrued rent revenue				
b)	Total salaries	s are \$2,580,000 (\$2,625,000 + \$45,0	000)			
	Total rent re	venue is \$14,100,000 (\$14,400,000 +	\$300,000)			
		(+,				
c)	Jan. 1	Salaries Payable	45,000			
,		Salaries Expense		45,000		
		To reverse accrued salaries				
	Jan. 1	Rent Revenues	300,000			
		Rent Receivable		300,000		
		To reverse accrued rent revenue				
d)	Jan. 10	Salaries Expense	120,000			
		Cash		120,000		
		To record payment of salaries				
	Jan. 15	Cash	750,000			
		Rent Revenues		750,000		
		To record collection of rent				
e)	Jan. 10	Salaries Expense	75,000			
		Salaries Payable	45,000			
		Cash		120,000		
		To record payment of salaries				
	Jan. 15	Cash	750,000			
		Rent Receivable		300,000		
		Rent Revenues		450,000		
		To record collection of rent				
f)		ense without reversing entries of \$75,				
	results from	(c) and (d) with reversing entries (\$1	zu,uuu - \$45,000)	).		
		es without reversing entries of \$450,0				
	results from (c) and (d) with reversing entries (\$750,000 - \$300,000).					

Dingane Ndubizu owns a diamond mining business in South Africa. He is interested in attracting additional investors to obtain financing for planned expansion. Some potential investors have expressed a concern that money is really being sought to address liquidity problems being faced by Dingane's company.

To alleviate this concern Dingane provided the following complete list of assets and liabilities of the company. The currency unit is the South African Rand. Use this information to determine the company's current assets, current liabilities, working capital, current ratio, and quick ratio. Based on your calculations, does it appear that the company is experiencing liquidity problems?

Accumulated Depreciation	R 7,995,750
Prepaid Rent	80,150
Note Payable (due in 3 months)	175,000
Accounts Receivable	819,000
Accounts Payable	446,250
Patent	5,250,000
Cash	1,382,500
Supplies	235,900
Unearned Revenues	232,750
Equipment	15,360,800
Interest Payable	78,750
Loan Payable (due in 3 years)	2,625,000



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#### Worksheet 5

		Current Assets	Quick Assets	Current Liabilities
Accumulated Depreciation	R 7,995,750			
Prepaid Rent	80,150			
Note Payable (due in 3 months)	175,000			
Accounts Receivable	819,000			
Accounts Payable	446,250			
Patent	5,250,000			
Cash	1,382,500			
Supplies	235,900			
Unearned Revenues	232,750			
Equipment	15,360,800			
Interest Payable	78,750			
Loan Payable (due in 3 years)	2,625,000			

	_/ /		
Working Capital:			
Current Ratio:			
Quick Ratio:			

#### Solution 5

		Current Assets	Quick Assets	Current Liabilities
Accumulated Depreciation	R 7,995,750			
Prepaid Rent	80,150	R 80,150		
Note Payable (due in 3 months)	175,000			R 175,000
Accounts Receivable	819,000	819,000	R 819,000	
Accounts Payable	446,250			446,250
Patent	5,250,000			
Cash	1,382,500	1,382,500	1,382,500	
Supplies	235,900	235,900		
Unearned Revenues	232,750			232,750
Equipment	15,360,800			
Interest Payable	78,750			78,750
Loan Payable (due in 3 years)	2,625,000			
		R 2.517.550	R 2.201.500	R 932.750

R 2,517,550 R 2,201,500 R 932,750

#### **Working Capital:**

 Current assets
 R 2,517,550

 Less: Current liabilities
 932,750

 R 1,584,800

#### **Current Ratio:**

Current assets  $\div$  Current liabilities R 2,517,550  $\div$  R 932,750 = 2.70

#### **Quick Ratio:**

Quick assets  $\div$  Current liabilities R 2,201,500  $\div$  R 932,750 = 2.36

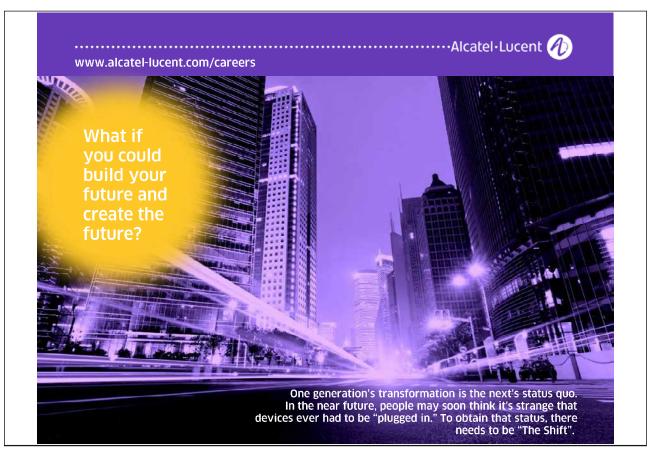
The ratios do not seem to indicate a liquidity problem. Current assets are almost 3X current liabilities, and a large portion of those assets are in highly liquid items such as cash and receivables.

McComick Corporation prepared the following preliminary trial balance. The trial balance and other information was evaluated by Darren Anderson, CPA. Darren has returned a list of proposed adjustments that are necessary to facilitate preparation of correct financial statements for the year ending December 31, 20X8.

McCORMICK CORPORATION							
Trial Balance							
As of Dece	ember 31, 20X	8					
Debits Credits							
Cash	\$ 91,620	\$ -					
Accounts Receivable	135,000	-					
Supplies	21,000	-					
Equipment	733,500	-					
Accumulated Deprec.	-	139,500					
Accounts Payable	-	38,100					
Unearned Revenue	-	93,750					
Notes Payable	-	240,000					
Capital Stock	-	300,000					
Retained Earnings, Jan. 1	-	189,600					
Dividends	36,000	-					
Revenues	-	869,400					
Wages Expense	643,800	-					
Utilities Expenses	26,100	-					
Selling Expenses	124,830	-					
Depreciation Expenses	36,000	-					
Interest expense	22,500	-					
	\$ 1,870,350	<u>\$ 1,870,350</u>					

#### Worksheet 6 (a)

GENERAL JOURNAL					
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit		



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#### Worksheet 6 (b)

McCORMICK CORPORATION								
	Worksheet for Adjusted Trial Balance							
		Decemb	er 31, 20X8					
	Debits	Debits	Debits	Debits	Debits	Debits		
Cash	\$ 91,620	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Accounts Receivable	135,000	-	-	-	-	-		
Supplies	21,000	-	-	-	-	-		
Equipment	733,500	-	-	-	-	-		
Accumulated Deprec.	-	139,500	-	-	-	-		
Accounts Payable	-	38,100	-	-	-	-		
Utilities Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Wages Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Unearned Revenue	-	93,750	-	-	-	-		
Notes Payable	-	240,000	-	-	-	-		
Capital Stock	-	300,000	-	-	-	-		
Retained Earnings, Jan. 1	-	189,600	-	-	-	-		
Dividends	36,000	-	-	-	-	-		
Revenues	-	869,400	-	-	-	-		
Wages Expense	643,800	-	-	-	-	-		
Utilities Expense	26,100	-	-	-	-	-		
Selling Expenses	124,830	-	-	-	-	-		
Depreciation Expenses	36,000	-	-	-	-	-		
Supplies Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest expense	22,500	-	-	-	-	-		
	\$1,870,350	\$1,870,350	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

#### Worksheet 6 (c)

McCORMICK CORPORATION								
Income Statement	Income Statement							
For the Year Ending December	31, 20X	8						
Revenues								
Services to customers			\$	-				
Expenses								
Wages	\$	-						
Utilities		-						
Selling		-						
Depreciation		-						
Supplies		-						
Interest		-		-				
Net income	,		\$	_				

McCORMICK CORPORATION				
Statement of Retained Earnings				
For the Year Ending December 31, 20X8				
Beginning retained earnings	\$	-		
Plus: Net income				
	\$	-		
Less: Dividends		-		
Ending retained earnings	\$			

McCORMICK CORPORATION							
Balance Sheet	Balance Sheet						
December 31, 20X8							
Assets							
Current assets							
Cash	\$	-					
Accounts receivable		-					
Supplies		-	\$ -				
Property, plant & equipment							
Equipment	\$	-					
Less: Accumulated depreciation		-					
Total assets			\$ <u>-</u>				
Liabilities							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	-					
Utilities payable		-					
Wages payable		-					
Unearned revenue		-	\$ -				
Long-term liabilities							



d)



#### Solution 6 (a)

GENERAL JOURNAL					
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit		
Dec. 31	Unearned Revenue	37,500			
	Revenues		37,500		
	To adjust Unearned Revenue for portion earned (\$93,750 X 40%)				
Dec. 31	Supplies Expense	12,000			
2 00: 02	Supplies		12,000		
	To record supplies used (\$21,000 - \$9,000 = \$12,000)				
Dec. 31	Utilities Expense	4,500			
	Utlities Payable		4,500		
	To record accrued utilities				
Dec. 31	Wages Expense	11,700			
	Wages Payable		11,700		
	To record accrued wages				
Dec. 31	Depreciation Expense	9,300			
	Accumulated Depreciation		9,300		
	To record depreciation expense				

#### Solution 6 (b)

	Wo		CORPORATION			
Worksheet for Adjusted Trial Balance December 31, 20X8						
	Debits	Debits	Debits	Debits	Debits	Debits
Cash	\$ 91,620	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 91,620	\$ -
Accounts Receivable	135,000	-	-	-	135,000	-
Supplies	21,000	-	-	36,000	(15,000)	-
Equipment	733,500	-	-	-	733,500	-
Accumulated Deprec.	-	139,500	-	27,900	-	167,400
Accounts Payable	-	38,100	-	-	-	38,100
Utilities Payable	-	-	-	13,500	-	13,500
Wages Payable	-	-	-	35,100	-	35,100
Unearned Revenue	-	93,750	112,500	-	-	(18,750)
Notes Payable	-	240,000	-	-	-	240,000
Capital Stock	-	300,000	-	-	-	300,000
Retained Earnings, Jan. 1	-	189,600	-	-	-	189,600
Dividends	36,000	-	-	-	36,000	-
Revenues	-	869,400	-	112,500	-	981,900
Wages Expense	643,800	-	35,100	-	678,900	-
Utilities Expense	26,100	-	13,500	-	39,600	-
Selling Expenses	124,830	-	-	-	124,830	-
Depreciation Expenses	36,000	-	27,900	-	63,900	-
Supplies Expenses	-	-	36,000	-	36,000	-
Interest expense	22,500	-	-	-	22,500	-
	\$1,870,350	\$ 1,870,350	\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000	\$ 1,946,850	\$ 1,946,850

#### Solution 6 (c)

McCORMICK CORPORATION  Income Statement				
For the Year Ending Decemb				
Revenues				
Services to customers		\$ 981,900		
Expenses				
Wages	\$ 678,900			
Utilities	39,600			
Selling	124,830			
Depreciation	63,900			
Supplies	36,000			
Interest	22,500	965,730		
Net income		\$ 16,170		



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McCORMICK CORPORATION Statement of Retained Earnings				
For the Year Ending December 31, 20X8				
Beginning retained earnings	\$ 189,600			
Plus: Net income	16,170			
	\$ 205,770			
Less: Dividends	36,000			
Ending retained earnings	\$ 169,770			

McCORMICK CORPORATION				
Balance Sheet				
December 31, 20X8				
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash	\$ 91,620			
Accounts receivable	135,000			
Supplies	(15,000)	\$ 211,620		
Property, plant & equipment				
Equipment	\$ 733,500			
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(167,400)	566,100		
Total assets		\$ 777,720		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 38,100			
Utilities payable	13,500			
Wages payable	35,100			
Unearned revenue	(18,750)	\$ 67,950		
Long-term liabilities				
Notes payable		240,000		
Total liabilities		\$ 307,950		
Stockholders' equity				
Capital stock	\$ 300,000			
Retained earnings	169,770			
Total stockholders' equity		469,770		
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 777,720		

d) It is true that the adjustments produce no change in net income. The increase in revenues of \$37,500 is exactly offset by the increase in expenses (\$12,000 + \$4,500 + \$11,700 + \$9,300 = \$37,500). However, the individual accounts would not be correct if the adjustments were not made. It is important that all information be correct, and the adjustments should be recorded.

Examine the following trial balances, before and after adjustment:

YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION  Trial Balance and Adjusted Trial Balance					
As of December 31, 20X9					
	Debits	Debits	Debits	Debits	
Cash	\$ 667,560	\$ -	\$ 667,560	\$ -	
Accounts Receivable	350,616	-	430,616	-	
Supplies	35,968	-	18,000	-	
Prepaid Rent	24,000	-	8,000	-	
Equipment	582,800	-	582,800	-	
Accumulated Deprec.	-	150,640	-	178,640	
Accounts Payable	-	54,360	-	54,360	
Wages Payable	-	-	-	18,000	
Interest Payable	-	-	-	6,000	
Unearned Revenue	-	72,000	-	48,000	
Notes Payable	-	200,000	-	200,000	
Capital Stock	-	900,000	-	900,000	
Retained Earnings, Jan. 1	-	356,476	-	356,476	
Dividends	160,000	-	160,000	-	
Revenues	-	1,337,960	-	1,441,960	
Wages Expense	1,104,492	-	1,122,492	-	
Rent Expenses	132,000	-	148,000	-	
Depreciation Expenses	-	-	28,000	-	
Supplies Expenses	-	-	17,968	-	
Interest expense	14,000		20,000		
	\$3,071,436	\$3,071,436	\$ 3,203,436	\$ 3,203,436	

- a) Determine and record the apparent adjusting entries in journal entry format.
- b) Prepare an income statement for the year ending December 31, 20X9.
- c) Prepare a statement of retained earnings for the year ending December 31, 20X9.
- d) Prepare a classified balance sheet as of December 31, 20X9.

#### Worksheet 7 (a)

GENERAL JOI	URNAL		
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit

#### Worksheet 7 (b)

YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION  Income Statement				
For the Year Ending Dec	ember 31, 20	<b>X9</b>		
Revenues	,			
Services to customers			\$	-
Expenses				
Wages	\$	-		
Rent		-		
Depreciation		-		
Supplies		-		
Interest		_		-
Net income			\$	

YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION				
Statement of Retained Earnings				
For the Year Ending December 31, 20X9				
Beginning retained earnings	\$	-		
Plus: Net income		-		
	\$	-		
Less: Dividends		-		
Ending retained earnings	\$			



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YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION				
Balance Sheet				
December 31,	20X9			
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash	\$	-		
Accounts receivable		-		
Supplies		-		
Prepaid rent			\$	-
Property, plant & equipment				
Equipment	\$	-		
Less: Accumulated depreciation				-
Total assets			\$	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	-		
Wages payable		-		
Interest payable		-		
Unearned revenue		-	\$	-
Long-term liabilities				
Notes payable				-
Total liabilities			\$	-
Stockholders' equity				
Capital stock	\$	-		
Retained earnings		-		
Total stockholders' equity				-
Total liabilities and equity			\$	

#### Solution 7 (a)

GENERAL JO	URNAL		
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
Dec. 31	Accounts Receivable	80,000	
	Revenues		80,000
	To record earned revenues and related receivable		
Dec. 31	Supplies Expense	17,968	
	Supplies	21,700	17,968
	To record supplies used (\$35,968 - \$18,000 = \$17,968)		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Dec. 31	Rent Expense	16,000	
2 00. 02	Prepaid Rent	20,000	16,000
	To record expired rent		,
Dec. 31	Depreciation Expense	28,000	
	Accumulated Depreciation		28,000
	To record depreciation expense		
Dec. 31	Wages Expense	18,000	
	Wages Payable		18,000
	To record accrued wages		
Dec. 31	Interest Expense	6,000	
	Interest Payable		6,000
	To record accrued interest		
Dec. 31	Unearned Revenue	24,000	
	Revenues		24,000
	To record earned portion of customer prepayment (\$72,000 - \$48,000 = \$24,000)		

#### Solution 7 (b)

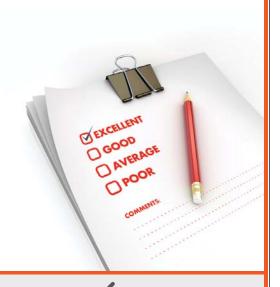
YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION			
Income Statement			
For the Year Ending December	31, 20X9		
Revenues			
Services to customers		\$1,441,960	
Expenses			
Wages	\$1,122,492		
Rent	148,000		
Depreciation	28,000		
Supplies	17,968		
Interest	20,000	1,336,460	
Net income		\$ 105,500	

YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION Statement of Retained Earnings For the Year Ending December 31, 20X9			
Beginning retained earnings	\$ 356,476		
Plus: Net income	105,500		
	\$ 461,976		
Less: Dividends	160,000		
Ending retained earnings	\$ 301,976		

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YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION						
Balance Sheet						
December 31, 20X9						
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash	\$ 667,560					
Accounts receivable	430,616					
Supplies	18,000					
Prepaid rent	8,000	\$1,124,176				
Property, plant & equipment						
Equipment	\$ 582,800					
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(178,640)	404,160				
Total assets		\$1,528,336				
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 54,360					
Wages payable	18,000					
Interest payable	6,000					
Unearned revenue	48,000	\$ 126,360				
Long-term liabilities						
Notes payable		200,000				
Total liabilities		\$ 326,360				
Stockholders' equity						
Capital stock	\$ 900,000					
Retained earnings	301,976					
Total stockholders' equity		1,201,976				
Total liabilities and equity		\$1,528,336				

Use this randomly arranged data to prepare a classified balance sheet for Wylfa Corporation as of December 31, 20X8. Some of the accounts do not belong in the balance sheet, and 20% of the loan payable matures each June 30.

Capital Stock	\$2,265,000
Patent	825,000
Accumulated depreciation (equipment)	(1,432,962)
Building	5,972,328
Land held for speculation	468,294
Dividends	150,000
Cash	547,035
Retained earnings	1,940,976
Accounts receivable	170,298
Accounts payable	234,033
Income tax expense	370,002
Prepaid insurance	11,649
Accumulated depreciation (building)	(2,966,331)
Loan payable	3,000,000
Equipment	2,663,655
Land	836,370
Interest payable	93,351
Inventories	363,024
Cash value of life insurance	75,000

#### Worksheet 8

WYLFA CORPORATION					
	Balance Sheet				
	December 31, 20X8				
Assets					
Liabilities					

#### Solution 8

WYLFA CORPORATION						
Balance Sheet  December 31, 20X8						
Current assets						
Cash		\$ 547,035				
Accounts receivable		170,298				
Inventories		363,024				
Prepaid insurance		11,649	\$1,092,006			
Long-term Investments						
Cash value of life insurance		\$ 75,000				
Land held for speculation		468,294	543,294			
Property, plant & equipment						
Land		\$ 836,370				
Building	\$5,972,328					
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,966,331)	3,005,997				
Equipment	\$2,663,655					
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,432,962)	1,230,693	5,073,060			
Intangible assets						
Patent			825,000			
Total assets			\$7,533,360			
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		\$ 234,033				
Interest payable		93,351				
Current portion of loan payable		600,000	\$ 927,384			
Long-term liabilities						
Loan payable			2,400,000			
Total liabilities			\$3,327,384			
Stockholders' equity						
Capital stock		\$2,265,000				
Retained earnings		1,940,976				
Total stockholders' equity			4,205,976			
Total liabilities and equity			\$7,533,360			